Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 and Independent Auditors' Report DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

The companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates in accordance

with the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and

Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises", for the year ended December 31, 2024 are

all the same as the companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent

and subsidiary companies as provided in International Financial Reporting Standard No. 10

"Consolidated Financial Statements". Relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated

financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent

and subsidiary companies. Hence, we do not prepare a separate set of consolidated financial statements of

affiliates.

Very truly yours,

FORTUNE ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

By

March 10, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Fortune Electric Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statement Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024 is stated as follows:

Occurrence of Revenue Recognition from New Customers Among Top Ten Customers

The Group's operating revenues include the sales of transformers, distribution panels and other related products and these revenues are mainly from several major customers. The Group's revenue from new customers among the top ten customers accounted for the 13% of the revenue for in the year ended December 31. Due to the significance of the revenues and the major changes in the customer portfolio, we identified the occurrence of revenue from new customers among the top ten customers to be a key audit matter. Refer to Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies and details of revenue recognition.

In respect of this key audit matter, the following audit procedures were performed:

- 1. We obtained an understanding of the design and implementation of relevant internal controls and tested the operating effectiveness of the key controls over the occurrence of revenue recognition.
- 2. We selected samples from some sales transactions of the new customers among top ten customers, and we traced them to the original documents such as customer orders, delivery orders, documents signed by customers and payment documents to confirm the occurrence without exception, and performed the confirmation letter procedure.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Fortune Electric Co., Ltd., as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Suei-Chin Lee and Shih-Chieh Chou.

SHIH CHIEH CHOU

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

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March 10, 2025

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of NT\$ and US\$)

	200		2022
	NTS	US\$ (Note 4)	2023 NTS
ASSETS		(Unaudited)	
CURRENT ASSETS	6 2 400 017	6 75 (()	£ 1727.496
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 4 and 6) Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Notes 4, 9 and 33)	\$ 2,480,917 65,769	\$ 75,661 2,006	\$ 1,737,486 219,106
Contract assets (Notes 4, 23 and 25)	3,178,876	96,946	2,037,295
Notes receivable (Notes 4 and 25)	222,675	6,791	95,968
Trade receivables from unrelated parties (Notes 4, 10 and 25) Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 27)	3,587,098 19	109,396	2,372,784 22,286
Inventories, net (Notes 4 and 11)	7,597,647	231,706	5,441,259
Prepayments (Note 32)	715,181	21,811	453,494
Other current assets (Notes 23 and 33)	289,373	<u>8,825</u>	187,100
Total current assets	18,137,555	553,143	12,566,778
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)	15,260	465	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Notes 4 and 8)	244,302	7,451	288,752
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (Notes 4, 9 and 33)	23,535	718	18,241
Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 13)	2,230	68 69,638	2,328 2,080,565
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 14 and 33) Right-of-use assets (Notes 4, 15 and 32)	2,283,435 536,879	16,373	142,867
Intangible assets (Notes 4 and 16)	67,014	2,044	66,429
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 27)	78,346	2,389	30,498
Prepaid investments (Notes 17 and 32) Net defined benefit assets - non-current (Notes 4 and 22)	198,585 51,267	6,056 1,563	-
Other non-current assets (Note 33)	230,989	7,045	50,310
Total non-current assets	3,731,842	113,810	2,679,990
TOTAL	\$ 21,869,397	\$ 666,953	\$ 15,246,768
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES Short-term borrowings (Notes 4, 18 and 33)	\$ 35,000	\$ 1,067	\$ 20,000
Short-term bills payable (Notes 4 and 18)	-	-	219,747
Contract liabilities (Notes 4, 23 and 25)	5,001,675	152,537	2,855,544
Trade payables to unrelated parties (Notes 4 and 19) Trade payables to related parties (Notes 4 and 32)	4,349,785 24	132,656	3,342,361 623
Other payables (Note 20)	2,069,745	63,121	1,160,643
Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 27)	772,048	23,545	515,783
Provisions (Notes 4 and 21) Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4, 15 and 32)	36,395 83,868	1,110 2,558	18,522 19,622
Long-term loans due within one year (Notes 4, 18 and 33)	-	-	150,000
Other current liabilities	99,545	3,036	474,586
Total current liabilities	_12,448,085	379,631	8,777,431
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			100,000
Long-term borrowings (Notes 4, 18 and 33) Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 27)	107,070	3,265	84,734
Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 15)	457,999	13,968	123,534
Deferred revenue - non-current (Notes 4, 20 and 29)	58,129	1,773	5 105
Net defined benefit liabilities (Notes 4 and 22) Guarantee deposit received	24,251	739	5,105 23,371
Total non-current liabilities	647,449	19,745	336,744
Total liabilities	_13,095,534	399,376	9,114,175
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY			
Share capital	2,871,644	87,577	2,610,585
Capital surplus	<u>87,022</u>	2,654	86,956
Retained earnings Legal reserve	816,345	24,896	559,914
Special reserve	88,625	2,703	59,483
Unappropriated earnings	4,984,900	152,025	2,798,183
Total retained earnings Other equity	5,889,870	179,624	3,417,580
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	(35,805)	(1,092)	(50,385)
Unrealized gain or loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(129,941)	(3,963)	(38,240)
Total other equity	(165,746)	(5,055)	(88,625)
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	8,682,790	264,800	6,026,496
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS	91,073	2,777	106,097
Total equity	8,773,863	267,577	6,132,593
TOTAL	<u>\$ 21,869,397</u>	<u>\$ 666,953</u>	\$ 15,246,768

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of NT\$ and US\$, Except Earnings Per Share)

	202	24	2023
	NT\$	US\$ (Note 4) (Unaudited)	NT\$
OPERATING REVENUES (Notes 4, 25, 32 and 39)			
Sales	\$ 18,813,960	\$ 573,771	\$ 12,635,266
Construction revenue	1,388,819	42,355	1,264,474
Total operating revenues	20,202,779	616,126	13,899,740
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 4, 11, 22, 26 and 32)			
Cost of goods sold	11,630,084	354,684	8,408,155
Construction costs	1,188,002	36,230	1,157,566
Total operating costs	12,818,086	390,914	9,565,721
GROSS PROFIT	7,384,693	225,212	4,334,019
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 4, 22, 26 and 32)			
Selling and marketing expenses	1,433,146	43,707	800,760
General and administrative expenses	728,914	22,229	481,361
Research and development expenses	329,867	10,060	214,461
Expected credit loss (gain) (Note 10)	2,222	68	(16,145)
Total operating expenses	2,494,149	76,064	1,480,437
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	4,890,544	149,148	2,853,582
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES			
(Note 4)	60 165	2,119	26,835
Interest income (Note 26) Compensation and indemnity income	69,465 126,563	3,860	47,304
Other income (Notes 26 and 32)	191,565	5,842	169,297
Gain on foreign currency exchange (Note 26)	172,968	5,275	26,707
Other gains and losses (Notes 26 and 29)	26,046	794	(2,360)
Finance costs (Notes 26 and 32)	(37,827)	(1,154)	(49,285)
Total non-operating income and expenses	548,780	16,736	218,498
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	5,439,324	165,884	3,072,080
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 27)	1,168,328	35,631	510,295
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	4,270,996	130,253	2,561,785 (Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023

(In Thousands of NT\$ and US\$, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2024			2023		
		NT\$	US\$	(Note 4) audited)		NT\$
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND LOSS (Note 4) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:						
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans (Note 22) Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other	\$	17,101	\$	521	\$	(16,185)
comprehensive income (Note 24) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		(91,701)		(2,797)		(23,634)
(Note 27) Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit		(3,421) (78,021)		(104) (2,380)		3,237 (36,582)
or loss: Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations		14,580		445		(5,508)
Total other comprehensive loss		(63,441)	-	(1,935)		(42,090)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	\$ 4	1 <u>,207,555</u>	<u>\$</u>	128,318	<u>\$</u>	2,519,695
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 4	4,286,020 (15,024)	\$	130,711 (458)	\$	2,577,260 (15,475)
	\$ 4	1,270,996	\$	130,253	\$	2,561,785
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME)
ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 4	4,222,579 (15,024)	\$	128,776 (458)	\$	2,535,170 (15,475)
	\$ 4	<u>1,207,555</u>	\$	128,318	\$	2,519,695
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 28) From continuing operations Basic Diluted		\$ 14.93 \$ 14.90		\$ 0.46 \$ 0.45		\$ 8.97 \$ 8.96

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of NTS and USS)

Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company

							Other E	Other Equity (Notes 4, 8 and 24)	d 24)			
							Exchange	Unrealized Gain				
							Differences on Translation of the Financial	on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through				
	Share Capital	Capital Surplus		Retained Earnings (Note 24) Unappropria	ngs (Note 24) Unappropriated		Statements of Foreign	Other Comprehensive		Controlling	Non-controlling	
	(Notes 4 and 24)	(Note 24)	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Earnings	Total	Operations	Income	Total	Interests	Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023	\$ 2,610,585	\$ 86,685	\$ 473,469	\$ 37,578	\$ 994,867	\$ 1,505,914	\$ (44,877)	\$ (14,606)	\$ (59,483)	\$ 4,143,701	\$ 121,572	\$ 4,265,273
Appropriation of 2022 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends distributed by the Company - NT\$2.50 per share	• • •		86,445	21,905	(86,445) (21,905) (652,646)	- (652,64 <u>6)</u>			, r u	-		- - (652,646)
			86,445	21,905	(966'09L)	(652,646)				(652,646)		(652,646)
Unclaimed cash dividends from shareholders		271								271		271
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2023	,		•		2,577,260	2,577,260	•			2,577,260	(15,475)	2,561,785
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax $$					(12,948)	(12,948)	(5,508)	(23,634)	(29,142)	(42,090)		(42,090)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023					2,564,312	2,564,312	(5,508)	(23,634)	(29,142)	2,535,170	(15,475)	2,519,695
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2023	2,610,585	86,956	559,914	59,483	2,798,183	3,417,580	(50,385)	(38,240)	(88,625)	6,026,496	106,097	6,132,593
Appropriation of 2023 earnings Legal reserve Special reserve Shad dividents distributed by the Company - NT\$6.00 per share Ordinary share dividents distributed by the Company - NT\$6.00 per share		rici	256,431	29,142	(256,431) (29,142) (1,566,351)	- (1,566,351)				- (1\$6,382,1)		- (1,566,351)
share	261,059				(261,059)	(261,059)						
	261,059		256,431	29,142	(2,112,983)	(1,827,410)				(1,566,351)		(1,566,351)
Unclaimed cash dividends from shareholders		99								99		99
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2024	í	٠	•	•	4,286,020	4,286,020	•	:	×	4,286,020	(15,024)	4,270,996
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024, net of income tax					13,680	13,680	14,580	(91,701)	(77,121)	(63,441)		(63,441)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2024					4,299,700	4,299,700	14,580	(91,701)	(77,121)	4,222,579	(15,024)	4,207,555
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2024	\$ 2,871,644	\$ 87,022	\$ 816,345	\$ 88,625	\$ 4,984,900	\$ 5,889,870	\$ (35,805)	\$ (129,941)	\$ (165,746)	\$ 8,682,790	\$ 91,073	\$ 8,773,863
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2024 (IN U.S. DOLLARS)	\$ 87.577	\$ 2,654	\$ 24,896	\$ 2,703	\$ 152,025	\$ 179,624	\$ (1,092)	\$ (3.963)	\$ (5,055)	\$ 264,800	\$ 2,777	\$ 267,577

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of NT\$ and US\$)

	20	24	2023
	NT\$	US\$ (Note 4) (Unaudited)	NT\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before income tax	\$ 5,439,324	\$ 165,884	\$ 3,072,080
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation expense	197,437	6,021	144,850
Amortization expense	30,554	932	27,575
Expected credit gain recognized (reversed) on			
trade receivables	2,222	68	(16,145)
Finance costs	37,827	1,153	49,285
Interest income	(69,465)	(2,119)	(26,835)
Share of loss of associate	24	1	758
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and			
equipment	(27,806)	(848)	436
Property, plant and equipment transferred to	,		
expenses	22	1	-
Reversal of inventories	(2,863)	(87)	(29,891)
Unrealized net (gain) loss on foreign currency	(, ,	` ,	` ' '
exchange	(17,183)	(524)	19,858
Provisions	17,873	545	7,026
Gain on remeasurement of lease arrangements	(45)	(1)	(37)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	,	. ,	` ,
Financial instruments at fair value through			
profit or loss	_	_	(279)
Contract assets	(1,141,581)	(34,815)	(579,535)
Notes receivable	(126,707)	(3,864)	(339)
Trade receivables	(1,159,534)	(35,362)	(330,857)
Inventories	(2,187,497)	(66,712)	(1,268,553)
Prepayments	(258,805)	(7,893)	(150,638)
Other current assets	(65,958)	(2,012)	(34,564)
Contract liabilities	2,125,520	64,822	1,284,006
Notes and trades payable	993,141	30,288	1,194,431
Trade payables to related parties	(599)	(18)	570
Other payables	902,680	27,529	634,185
Other current liabilities	(375,041)	(11,438)	383,232
Net defined benefit liabilities	(39,270)	(1,198)	(53,692)
Deferred revenue	58,129	1,773	(22,0,2)
Cash generated from operations	4,332,399	132,126	4,326,927
Interest received	69,265	2,112	26,659
Interest received Interest paid	(37,937)	(1,157)	(52,226)
Income tax paid	(918,949)	(28,025)	(20,060)
meome tax paid	(710,777)	(20,023)	(20,000)
Net cash generated from operating activities	3,444,778	105,056	4,281,300
net easil generated from operating activities		105,050	(Continued
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of NT\$ and US\$)

	202	24	2023
	NT\$	US\$ (Note 4) (Unaudited)	NT\$
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through			
other comprehensive income	\$ (47,251)	\$ (1,441)	\$ -
Disposal of financial assets measured at amortized	149.042	1515	12 200
cost Purchase of financial assets at fair value through	148,043	4,515	12,389
profit or loss	(15,260)	(465)	_
Increase in prepayments for investments	(198,585)	(6,056)	_
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(289,976)	(8,844)	(118,140)
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the	(20),)10)	(0,044)	(110,140)
			(1,000)
equity method	-	-	(1,000)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	46.022	1 101	
equipment	46,033	1,404	-
Increase in refundable deposits	(27,556)	(840)	(12,209)
Increase in other receivables	(36,115)	(1,102)	-
Payments for intangible assets	(29,454)	(898)	(37,180)
Increase in prepayments for equipment	(193,825)	(5,911)	(28,218)
Net cash used in investing activities	(643,946)	(19,638)	(184,358)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	15,000	457	_
Proceeds from short-term bills payable	_	_	(875,601)
Repayment of short-term bills payable	(219,747)	(6,702)	(129,817)
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(250,000)	(7,624)	(1,261,800)
Proceeds from guarantee deposits received	880	27	(1,201,000)
Refund of guarantee deposits received	000	21	(2,366)
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(50,801)	(1.540)	
		(1,549)	(23,567)
Unclaimed cash dividends from shareholders	66	2	271
Issue of cash dividends	<u>(1,566,351</u>)	<u>(47,769</u>)	(652,646)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,070,953)	(63,158)	(2,945,526)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON			
THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN			
	12.550	412	(0.5(0)
CURRENCIES	13,552	413	(9,560)
NET INCREASE IN CASH	743,431	22,673	1,141,856
CASH AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	1,737,486	52,988	595,630
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$ 2,480,917	\$ 75,661	\$ 1,737,486
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the conso	lidated financial sta	atements.	(Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Republic of China (ROC) in August 1969. The Company mainly manufactures, processes and trades transformers, distribution panels, low voltage switches and substation equipment.

The Company's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) since April 1997.

For greater comparability and consistency of financial reporting, the Chinese edition of the consolidated financial statements are presented in the New Taiwan dollars since the Company's shares are listed on the TWSE.

The translation of New Taiwan dollar into U.S. dollar was included solely for the convenience of the readers outside the Republic of China and has been made at the rate of NT\$32.79 and NT\$30.71 to US\$1.00 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The base rates were announced by Bank of Taiwan. Such translation should not be construed as representation that the New Taiwan dollar amounts could be converted at that rate or any other rate.

2. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 10, 2025.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRS Accounting Standards") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2025

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB
Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability" Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments" - the amendments to the application guidance of classification of financial assets	January 1, 2025 (Note 1) January 1, 2026 (Note 2)

- Note 1: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments to IAS 21, the Group shall not restate the comparative information and shall recognize any effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or, if applicable, to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity as well as affected assets or liabilities.
- Note 2: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. It is permitted to apply these amendments for an earlier period beginning on January 1, 2025. An entity shall apply the amendments retrospectively but is not required to restate prior periods. The effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance at the date of initial application. An entity may restate prior periods if, and only if, it is possible to do so without the use of hindsight.
- c. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note)
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards - Volume 11	January 1, 2026
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Amendments to the	January 1, 2026
Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments" - the	
amendments to the application guidance of derecognition of	
financial liabilities	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Contracts Referencing	January 1, 2026
Nature-dependent Electricity"	
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets	To be determined by IASB
between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 -	January 1, 2023
Comparative Information"	
IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"	January 1, 2027
IFRS 19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures"	January 1, 2027

Note: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

IFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"

IFRS 18 will supersede IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The main changes comprise:

- Items of income and expenses included in the statement of profit or loss shall be classified into the operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations categories.
- The statement of profit or loss shall present totals and subtotals for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Provides guidance to enhance the requirements of aggregation and disaggregation: The Group shall identify the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows that arise from individual transactions or other events and shall classify and aggregate them into groups based on shared characteristics, so as to result in the presentation in the primary financial statements of line items that have at least one similar characteristic. The Group shall disaggregate items with dissimilar characteristics in the primary financial statements and in the notes. The Group labels items as "other" only if it cannot find a more informative label.

Disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs): When in public
communications outside financial statements and communicating to users of financial statements
management's view of an aspect of the financial performance of the Group as a whole, the Group
shall disclose related information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements,
including the description of such measures, calculations, reconciliations to the subtotal or total
specified by IFRS Accounting Standards and the income tax and non-controlling interests effects of
related reconciliation items.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the other impacts of the above amended standards and interpretations on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.
- c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;

- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period, even if an agreement to refinance, or to reschedule payments, on a long-term basis is completed after the reporting period and before the consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have the substantial right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

The Group is engaged in the business of electrical equipment works contracting services, which has an operating cycle of over one year. Thus, the normal operating cycle is applied when considering the classification of the Group's engineering contracts - related assets and liabilities.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., its subsidiaries, including structured entities).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposals, as appropriate.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those of the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

See Note 12, Tables 6 and 7 for the detailed information of subsidiaries including the percentage of ownership and main business.

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity in the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value is determined. Exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income; in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary item denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost is stated at the reporting currency as originally translated from the foreign currency.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations (including subsidiaries and associates in other countries that use currencies which are different from the currency of the Company) are translated into New Taiwan dollars using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate.

f. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, work in process and finished goods and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

g. Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is not a subsidiary.

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates.

Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of the equity of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When the Group transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associates that are not related to the Group.

h. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment under construction are measured at cost less any recognized impairment loss. Costs include professional services fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Samples produced when these assets ate tested for proper operation prior to their expected use are measured at low cost and net realization value, and their selling price and cost are recognized in profit or loss. Such assets are depreciated and divided into the appropriated categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for their intended use.

Except for freehold land which is not depreciated, the depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

i. Intangible assets

1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful life, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

2) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

j. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset, and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement categories

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified or designated as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, and any dividends, interest earned and remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses, any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial assets are recognized in other gains or losses, fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 31.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, Pledged deposit receipt trade receivables at amortized cost, trade receivables, other receivables and refundable deposits, are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

iii. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

b) Impairment of financial assets and contract assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables), as well as contract assets.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables and contract assets. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group considers the following situations as indication that a financial asset is in default (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group):

- i. Internal or external information show that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii. Financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and the carrying amounts of such financial assets are not reduced.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss, and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity, and its carrying amounts are calculated based on weighted average by share types. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

3) Financial liabilities

a) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

1. Provisions

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the discounted cash flows of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

1) Onerous contracts

Onerous contracts are those in which the Group's unavoidable costs of meeting the contractual obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. The present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognized and measured as provisions.

2) Warranties

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations to assure that products comply with agreed-upon specifications are recognized on the date of sale of the relevant products at the best estimate by the management of the Company of the expenditures required to settle the Group's obligations.

m. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

For contracts where the period between the date on which the Group transfers a promised good or service to a customer and the date on which the customer pays for that good or service is one year or less, the Group does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component.

1) Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of transformers, distribution panels, low voltage switches and substation equipment. Sales of goods are recognized as revenue when the goods are delivered to the customer's specific location, FOB and on shipping because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Trade receivables are recognized concurrently. The transaction price received is recognized as a contract liability until the goods have been delivered to the customer.

2) Construction contract revenue

Customers control properties while they are construction in progress, and thus, the Group recognizes revenue over time. The Group measures the progress on the basis of costs incurred relative to the total expected costs as there is a direct relationship between the costs incurred and the progress of satisfying the performance obligations. Contract assets are recognized during the construction and are reclassified to trade receivables at the point at which the customer is invoiced. If the milestone payments exceed the revenue recognized to date, then the Group recognizes contract liabilities for the difference. Certain payments, which are retained by the customer as specified in the contract, are intended to ensure that the Group adequately completes all of its contractual obligations. Such retention receivables are recognized as contract assets until the Group satisfies its performance obligations.

n. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining operating leases are added to the carrying amounts of the underlying assets and recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate will be used

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, a change in the amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, a change in the assessment of an option to purchase an underlying asset, or a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

o. Government grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income are recognized in other income on a systematic basis over the periods, in which the Company recognizes as expenses the related costs that the grants intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognized as deferred revenue and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

p. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including current service cost) and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets) represent the actual deficit (surplus) in the Group's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

3) Other long-term employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits are accounted for in the same way as the accounting required for defined benefit plans except that remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

q. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and such temporary differences are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

r. U.S. dollar amounts (unaudited)

A translation of the New Taiwan dollar (NT\$) amounts into U.S. dollars in the consolidated financial statements for December 31, 2024 is included solely for the convenience of the readers and is unaudited, and has been made at the exchange rate set forth in the statistical release of the U.S. Federal Reserve Board of the United States, which was NT\$32.79 to US\$1.00 as of December 31, 2024. The translation should not be construed as a representation that the NT\$ amounts have been, could have been, or could in the future be, converted into U.S. dollars at this or any other rate of exchange.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

When developing material accounting estimates, the Group considers the possible impact on the cash flow projection, growth rates, discount rates, profitabilities and other relevant material estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31			
	2	024		2023
Cash on hand Checking accounts and demand deposits Cash equivalents (investments with original maturities of 3 months	\$	29 18,025	\$	22 52,051
or less) Time deposits Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds		21,435 36,172	_	4,504
	\$	75,661	<u>\$</u>	<u>56,577</u>

The market rate intervals of cash in the bank at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decem	iber 31
	2024	2023
Bank balance	0.001%-4.87%	0.001%-5.65%
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	1.52%-1.53%	-

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Financial assets - current			
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL			
Non-derivative financial assets			
Private - placement funds	\$ 465	\$	

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Non-current		
Domestic investments		
Unlisted shares		
Ordinary shares - Hsin He Energy Co., Ltd.	\$ 6,551	\$ 7,400
Ordinary shares - Synergy Co., Ltd. (Note 17)	516	563
Ordinary shares - E-Formula Technologies, Inc.	384	568
Ordinary shares - Raynergy Tek Incorporation		872
	\$ 7,451	\$ 9,403

These investments in equity instruments are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for medium-to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Current		
Pledged time deposits Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months Deposits and retention money	\$ 1,154 762 90	\$ 567 6,538 30
	<u>\$ 2,006</u>	<u>\$ 7,135</u>
Non-current		
Pledged time deposits	\$ 718	\$ 594

a. The ranges of interest rates for time deposits were approximately 0.73% and 1.150%-1.565% per annum as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

- b. The rates of pledged deposits ranged from 0.575%-1.705% and 0.575%-1.585% per annum as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- c. Refer to Note 33 for information relating to investments in financial assets at amortized cost pledged as security.

10. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Trade receivables			
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 109,503 (107)	\$ 77,306 (42)	
	\$ 109,396	<u>\$ 77,264</u>	

The average credit period for sales of goods was 90-180 days. Impairment of trade receivables was assessed by reference to the collectability of receivables on an individual account basis, and by account aging analysis, historical experience and current financial condition of customers.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix approach considering the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished according to the Group's different customer base.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix.

December 31, 2024

	Not Past Due	1 to 60 Days	61 to 90 Days	91 to 275 Days	276 to 640 Days	Over 641 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	34.70%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 79,419 	\$ 20,251	\$ 1,550	\$ 7,051 	\$ 924 	\$ 308 (107)	\$ 109,503 (107)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 79,419</u>	\$ 20,251	<u>\$ 1,550</u>	<u>\$ 7,051</u>	<u>\$ 924</u>	<u>\$ 201</u>	<u>\$_109,396</u>
December 31, 2023							
	Not Past Due	1 to 60 Days	61 to 90 Days	91 to 275 Days	276 to 640 Days	Over 641 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	2.11%	80.75%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECLs)	\$ 64,091	\$ 3,772	\$ 4,544 	\$ 3,528	\$ 1,355 (29)	\$ 16 (13)	\$ 77,306 (42)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 64,091</u>	\$ 3,772	<u>\$ 4,544</u>	<u>\$ 3.528</u>	<u>\$1,326</u>	<u>\$3</u>	<u>\$ 77,264</u>

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

	For the	Year En	ded Dec	ember 31
	20	024	2	023
Balance at January 1	\$	42	\$	590
Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance		68		-
Less: Reversal of expected credit loss		-		(526)
Less: Write-offs for the year balance, end of the year		-		(22)
Foreign exchange gains and losses	_	(3)	_	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$</u>	107	\$	42

11. INVENTORIES

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Work in progress Finished goods Raw materials	\$ 154,505 48,002 29,199	\$ 114,237 44,095 18,850	
	<u>\$ 231,706</u>	\$ 177,182	

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$354,684 thousand and \$273,792 thousand, respectively.

The cost of goods sold for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 included reversal of write-down of inventories of \$87 thousand and \$973 thousand, respectively. Previous write-downs were reversed as a result of inventory devaluation.

12. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries Included in the Consolidated Financial Statements

Entities covered by the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

			Proportion of C	Ownership (%)	
			Decem	ber 31	
Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	2024	2023	Remark
Fortune Electric Co., Ltd.	Power Energy International Ltd.	Trade business, investment holding, agents business	100.00	100.00	
	Fortune Electric America Inc.	Agents business	100.00	100.00	
	Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	Transformers manufacturing, machining and trading	100.00	100.00	a.
	Fortune Energy Co., Ltd.	Manufacture of power generation, transmission, distribution machinery and renewable energy sales	100.00	100.00	b.
	Fortune Electric Australia Pty Ltd.	Trade business	100.00	100.00	
	Fortune Electric Value Company Limited	Electric vehicle charging operation services, planning and construction of various charging stations, research and development and sales of electric vehicle charging related equipment/systems/technology	64.25	64.25	
Power Energy International Ltd.	Wuhan Fortune Electric Co., Ltd	Import and export business of various commodities and technologies	100.00	100.00	

- a. On June 5, 2024, Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd. transferred the capital surplus of NT\$300,000 thousand to share capital by the director acting on behalf of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting.
- b. On June 15, 2024, Fortune Energy Co., Ltd. apply for follow-on offering NT\$280,000 thousand to share capital by the director acting on behalf of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting.

13. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

Investments in Associates

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Associates that are not individually material		
E-Total Link SQTek Co., Ltd.	\$ 68 	\$ 69 7
	\$ 68	\$ 76

Aggregate Information of Associates That Are Not Individually Material

	For the Year Ended December 3		
	2024	2023	
The Group's share of:			
Net loss for the year	\$ (1)	\$ (25)	
Other comprehensive loss	(2)	(10)	
Total comprehensive loss for the year	<u>\$ (3)</u>	<u>\$ (35)</u>	

SQTek Co., Ltd., the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income attributable to the adoption of the equity method, in 2024 and 2023., and computed based on audited financial reports for the same period.

Except for E-Total Link, the investments accounted for using the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of those investments was based on the associate's financial statements audited by auditors in 2024 and 2023. Management believed there was no material impact on the financial statements of E-Total Link which had not been audited.

The Group's share of losses of an associate is limited to its interest in that associate. The amounts of unrecognized share of losses of associate extracted from the relevant financial statements of the associate, both for the year and cumulatively, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Unrecognized share of losses of associate for the year Accumulated unrecognized share of losses of associate	\$ <u>1</u> \$ <u>1</u>	\$ - \$ -		

For the main business and products, location and registration information of the above associate, refer to Table 6.

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Assets used by the Group Assets leased under operating leases	\$ 69,636 2	\$ 63,449 2	
	<u>\$ 69,638</u>	<u>\$ 63,451</u>	

a. Assets used by the Group

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Equipment	Photovoltaic Solar Equipment	Other Equipment	Property under Construction	Total
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2024 Additions Disposals Transfer (Note 2) Reclassified Foreign exchange gains and	\$ 20,704 - - - -	\$ 52,986 1,331 (337) 900	\$ 53,239 3,112 (2,907) 393 (30)	\$ 4,855 4 - -	\$ 11,963 1,338 (95) 916 30	\$ - 3,058 - 18	\$ 143,747 8,843 (3,339) 2,227
losses	(1,313)	(3,361)	(3,376)	(308)	(754)		<u>(9,112)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 19,391</u>	\$ 51,519	5_30,431	<u>\$ 4,551</u>	\$ 13,398	\$ 3,076	\$ 142,366
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance at January 1, 2024 Depreciation expense Disposals Reclassified Foreign exchange gains and	\$ - - -	\$ 22,142 1,150 (285)	\$ 45,440 1,504 (2,427) (23)	\$ 2,750 222 -	\$ 5,669 1,451 (71) 23	\$ - - -	\$ 76,001 4,327 (2,783)
losses		(1,405)	(2,880)	(174)	(356)	-	(4,815)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 21,602</u>	\$ 41,614	\$ 2,798	<u>\$ 6,716</u>	<u>s</u>	\$ 72,730
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 19,391</u>	\$_29,917	\$8,817	<u>\$ 1,753</u>	<u>\$ 6,682</u>	\$ 3,076	\$ 69,636
Cost							
Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Transfer (Note 1) Transfer (Note 2)	\$ 20,704	\$ 51,640 1,195 (18) - 169	\$ 51,226 1,956 (795) 591 	\$ 4,784 71 - -	\$ 8,820 625 (27) 1,429 1,116	\$ - - - -	\$ 137,174 3,847 (840) 2,020
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 20.704	\$ 52,986	\$ 53.239	<u>\$ 4,855</u>	<u>\$ 11,963</u>	<u>s</u>	<u>\$.143,747</u>
Accumulated depreciation							
Balance at January 1, 2023 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ - - -	\$ 21,092 1,057 (7)	\$ 44,642 1,594 (796)	\$ 2,521 229	\$ 4,556 1,136 (23)	\$ - - -	\$ 72,811 4,016 (826)
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$_22,142</u>	<u>\$_45,440</u>	\$ 2,750	\$ 5,669	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 76,001</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 20,704</u>	<u>\$ 30,844</u>	<u>\$7,799</u>	\$ <u>2,105</u>	\$ 6.294	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 67,746</u>

Note 1: Transferred from inventories to equipment.

Note 2: Transferred from prepayments for equipment to equipment.

Except for depreciation recognized, the Group did not have significant addition, disposal, or impairment of property, plant and equipment for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Building	Βι	uil	di	ng
----------	----	-----	----	----

Main buildings	55 years
Electromechanical power equipment	3 years
Equipment	2-15 years
Photovoltaic solar equipment	8-20 years
Other equipment	3-15 years

Property, plant and equipment used by the Group and pledged as collateral for bank borrowings are set out in Note 33.

On September 30, 2024, the board of directors resolved to approve the budget for the construction of the third Guanyin plant, which amounted to NT\$1,108,000 thousand. On November 8, 2024, the Group announced that the total contract amount of the project was NT\$733,950 thousand, and the price will be paid based on the progress of the construction project in accordance with the real estate construction contract.

b. Assets leased under operating leases

	Buildings
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2024 Foreign exchange gains and losses	\$ 13 (1)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 12</u>
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 10
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 10</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	<u>\$</u> 2
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 13
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 13
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 10
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 10</u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 3
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	<u>\$</u> 3

Operating leases relate to lease of the building with lease terms 1 year. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the assets at the expiry of the lease periods.

The above items of property, plant and equipment leased under operating leases are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 55 years.

Property, plant and equipment leased under operating leases and pledged as collateral for bank borrowings are set out in Note 33.

15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Carrying amount			
Land Buildings Transportation equipment	\$ 6,553 9,588 232	\$ 3,045 1,302 305	
	<u>\$ 16,373</u>	<u>\$ 4,652</u>	
	For the Year End	ed December 31	
	2024	2023	
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 13,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,257</u>	
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets			
Land	\$ 359	\$ 113	
Buildings	1,180	431	
Transportation equipment	155	156	
	<u>\$ 1,694</u>	<u>\$ 700</u>	

Except for depreciation recognized and addition, the Group did not have significant impairment of investment properties for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

b. Lease liabilities

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Carrying amount			
Current Non-current	\$ 2,558 \$ 13,968	\$ 639 \$ 4,023	

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

	Decem	December 31		
	2024	2023		
Land	1.75%-2.00%	1.24%-1.26%		
Buildings	1.24%-2.00%	1.26%-2.00%		
Transportation equipment	1.24%-2.00%	1.24%-2.00%		

c. Material lease-in activities and terms

The Group leases land and buildings for the use of plants, offices and charging station for the use of operating with lease terms of 1 to 50 years. The Group does no has bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms.

d. Sublease

The Group still has sublease transactions for the right to use construction equipment, based on the lessee's estimation of future use of the lease. The lessee agrees with the Group on the lease term and lease scope.

e. Other lease information

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ 928	\$ 772	
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	\$ 8	\$ 42	
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (2,598)</u>	<u>\$ (1,660)</u>	

The Group's leases of certain assets qualify as short-term leases and certain assets qualify as low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption, and thus did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer Software
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Acquired separately Reclassifications Disposals	\$ 3,262 1,211 9 (668)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 3,814 (Continued)

	Computer Software
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance at January 1, 2023 Amortization expense Disposals	\$ 1,421 898 (668)
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 1,651
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	\$ 2,163
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2024 Acquired separately Reclassifications Disposals Foreign exchange gains and losses	\$ 3,814 898 52 (757) (242)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 3,765
Accumulated depreciation	
Balance at January 1, 2024 Amortization expense Disposals Foreign exchange gains and losses	\$ 1,651 932 (757) (105)
Balance at December 31, 2024	<u>\$ 1,721</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2024	\$ 2,044 (Concluded)

Except for the recognition of amortization expenses, there was no material impairment of the intangible assets of the group in 2024 and 2023. The amortization expense is provided on a straight-line basis on a 3 to 10-year useful life basis.

17. PREPAID INVESTMENTS

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Prepaid investments	<u>\$ 6,056</u>	s <u>-</u>	

On December 20, 2024, the consolidated company invested NT\$198,585 thousand in Synergy Co., Ltd., which are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes, and as of December 31, 2024, the company had not completed the cash capital increase process, so the account was prepaid. The above-mentioned prepaid investment funds will complete the cash capital increase process on February 25, 2025.

18. BORROWINGS

a. Short-term borrowings

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Unsecured borrowings			
Line of credit borrowings	\$ 1,067	\$ 651	

The effective interest rates for bank loans were 2.22% and 1.95% per annum at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

b. Short-term bills payable

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Commercial paper Less: Unamortized discounts on bills payable	\$ - -	\$ 7,164 (8)	
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 7,156</u>	

Outstanding short-term bills payable were as follows:

December 31, 2023

Promissory Institution	Nominal Amount	Discount Amount	Carrying Amount	Interest Rate	Collateral
Commercial paper					
China Bills Grand Bills	\$ 4,884 	\$ 5 3	\$ 4,879 2,277	1.788% 1.838%	N/A N/A
	\$ 7,164	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 7,156</u>		

c. Long-term borrowings

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Unsecured borrowings		
Hwa Nan Commercial Bank Yuanta Bank	\$ -	$\begin{array}{r} 3,256 \\ -4,885 \\ \hline 8,141 \end{array}$
Less: Listed as part of the due within 1 year long term loan	<u> </u>	(4,885)
Long-term borrowings	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 3,256

The period of the borrowings from Hwa Nan Commercial Bank is from June 28, 2023 to June 28, 2026, and the repayment was made in advance on October 22, 2024. The weighted average effective interest rate of the borrowings was 2.05% per annum for the year ended December 31, 2023.

The period of the borrowings from Yuanta Bank is from January 6, 2022 to January 5, 2024, and the weighted average effective interest rate of the borrowings was 1.65% per annum for the year ended December 31, 2023.

19. TRADE PAYABLES

	Decem	December 31	
	2024	2023	
Operating	\$ 132,656	\$ 108,836	

The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

20. OTHER PAYABLES

	December 31	
	2024	2023
Current		
Accrued payroll	\$ 24,153	\$ 17,891
Export payable	12,124	3,739
Payable for compensation of employees and remuneration of	•	,
directors	11,302	6,988
Construction payable	2,619	-
Design fees payable	2,540	1,600
Commission payable	1,701	1,152
Others	8,682	6,424
	\$ 63,121	\$ 37,794
Non-current		
Deferred revenue		
Government grants (Note 29)	\$ 1,773	\$

21. PROVISIONS

	Decen	December 31	
	2024	2023	
Warranties	\$ 1,110	\$ 603	

Warranty liability is the best estimate on the present value of future economic benefit outflows provided by the Company's management in accordance with the product sales agreements. This estimate is based on historical warranty experience.

22. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The Group adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The Group's subsidiaries in the United States, Australia and China are members of state-managed retirement benefit plans operated by the local governments. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit plans is to make the specified contributions.

b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plans adopted by the Group in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the 6 months before retirement. The Group contributes amounts equal to 10% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Group assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Group is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Group has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Group's defined benefit plans were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$ 13,856 (15,419)	\$ 14,614 (14,448)	
Net defined benefit (assets) liabilities	<u>\$ (1,563)</u>	\$ 166	

Movements in net defined benefit (assets) liabilities were as follows:

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liability (Assets)
Balance at January 1, 2023 Current service cost Net interest expense (income) Recognized in profit or loss	\$ 13,992 90 164 254	\$ (12,604) - (152) - (152)	\$ 1,388 90 12 102 (Continued)

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liability (Assets)
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets	\$ -	\$ (127)	\$ (127)
Actuarial loss - experience adjustments	654		654
Recognized in other comprehensive income	654	(127)	527
Contributions from the employer		(1.851)	(1,851)
Benefits paid	(286)	286	
Balance at December 31, 2023	14,614	(14,448)	166
Current service cost	69	-	69
Net interest expense (income)	159	(161)	(2)
Recognized in profit or loss	228	<u>(161</u>)	67
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets	-	(1,174)	(1,174)
Actuarial loss - assumptions change	(334)	-	(334)
Actuarial loss - experience adjustments	987		987
Recognized in other comprehensive income	653	<u>(1,174</u>)	<u>(521)</u>
Contributions from the employer	-	(1,265)	(1,265)
Benefits paid	(712)	<u>712</u>	
Foreign exchange gains and losses	(927)	917	(10)
Balance at December 31, 2024	\$ 13,856	<u>\$ (15,419)</u>	\$ (1,563) (Concluded)

The amount of defined benefit plans recognized in profit or loss is summarized by function as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 3			mber 31
	20	024	20	023
Operating costs	\$	48	\$	71
Selling and marketing expenses		9		14
General and administrative expenses		6		10
Research and development expenses		4		6
	\$	67	\$	101

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Group is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the corporate bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Discount rate	1.55%	1.20%	
Expected return rate of plan assets	1.55%	1.20%	
Expected rate of salary increase	1.50%	1.50%	

If possible reasonable changes in each of the significant actuarial assumptions occur and all other assumptions remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation will decrease (increase) as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Discount rate			
0.25% increase	<u>\$ (231)</u>	<u>\$ (267)</u>	
0.25% decrease	\$ 237	\$ 275	
Expected rate of salary increase			
0.25% increase	\$ 229	\$ 265	
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ (224)</u>	<u>\$ (259)</u>	

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
The expected contributions to the plan for the next year	<u>\$ 665</u>	\$ 1,339	
The average duration of the defined benefit obligation	6.78 years	7.45 years	

23. MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The current and non-current classification of the Group's assets and liabilities relating to the construction business was based on its operating cycle. The amounts expected to be recovered or settled within 1 year after the reporting period and more than 1 year after the reporting period for related assets and liabilities are as follows:

	December 31, 2024			
	More Than			
	Within 1 Year	1 Year	Total	
Assets				
Refundable deposits (included in other current assets)	\$ 9	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 9	
Contract assets	\$ 16,506	\$	\$ 16,506	
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Contract liabilities	<u>\$ 4,702</u>	\$ 219	<u>\$ 4,921</u>	

	December 31, 2023 More Than			
	Within 1 Year	1 Year	Total	
<u>Assets</u>				
Refundable deposits (included in other current assets)	\$ 4	<u> -</u>	\$ 4	
Contract assets	<u>\$ 13,498</u>	\$ -	\$ 13,498	
Liabilities				
Contract liabilities	\$ 3,761	\$ 1,847	\$ 5,608	

24. EQUITY

a. Share capital - ordinary shares

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	500,000	275,000	
Shares authorized	\$ 152,486	\$ 89,547	
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	287,164	261,059	
Shares issued	\$ 87,577	\$ 85,008	

At the 2024 General Meeting of Shareholders, the Company resolved to amend the Articles of Association to increase the authorized share capital from NT\$2,750,000 thousand to NT\$5,000,000 thousand in order to meet operational needs, increase working capital and support practical operations.

On June 13, 2024, the Company resolved at the shareholders' meeting to increase its capital by NT\$261,059 thousand from undistributed surpluses, and issued 26,105 thousand new shares with a par value of NT\$10 per share, with the base date of the capital increase being August 2, 2024. The capital increase has been declared to the FSC to take effect and the registration of the change has been completed.

b. Capital surplus

	December 31			
	20	024	20	023
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)				
Treasury share transactions Unclaimed cash dividends	\$	34 27	\$	34 26
May only be used to offset a deficit (2)				
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries		2,593		2,772
	\$	2,654	\$	2,832

- 1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital, subject to a limit within a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus per year.
- 2) Such capital surplus arises from the effects of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries resulting from equity transactions other than actual disposal or acquisitions or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the amended Articles, where the Company made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. The board of directors is authorized to adopt a special resolution to distribute dividends and bonuses in cash and a report of such distribution should be submitted in the shareholders' meeting. For the policies on the distribution of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors and supervisors after the amendment, refer to compensation of employees and remuneration of directors and supervisors in Note 26(6).

The Company's dividend policy is based on the current and future development plans, with the consideration of the investment environment, capital requirements and domestic and foreign competition, domestic and international competition, and the interests of shareholders, etc. and provides that no less than 60% of the earnings available for distribution shall be paid to shareholders as dividends each year. Dividends to shareholders may be distributed in cash or in stock, with cash dividends of not less than 25% of the total dividends.

Appropriation of earnings to a legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit, the board of directors is authorized to adopt a special resolution, the legal reserve that has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital and all or part of the capital reserve that complies with the Company Act may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash. A report of such distribution should be submitted in the shareholders' meeting.

When a special reserve is appropriated for cumulative net debit balance reserves from prior period, the special reserve is only appropriated from the prior unappropriated earnings.

The appropriations of earnings for 2023 and 2022, which have been approved in the shareholders' meetings on June 13, 2024 and June 15, 2023, respectively, were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings		
	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2023	2022	
7 1	Φ 0.250	¢ 2.015	
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 8,350</u>	\$ 2,815	
Special reserve	\$ 949	\$ 713	
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 51,005</u>	\$ 21,252	
Stock dividends	\$ 8,501	<u>\$</u>	
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 6.00	<u>\$ 2.50</u>	
Stock dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 1.00	\$	

The appropriations of earnings for 2024 has been proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 10, 2025, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended
	December 31, 2024
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 13,113</u>
Special reserve	<u>\$ 2,352</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 78,819</u>
Stock dividends	\$ 8,758
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	<u>\$ 9.00</u>
Stock dividends per share (NT\$)	\$ 1.00

The above appropriation for cash dividends had been resolved by the shareholders in their meeting to be held on June 13, 2025.

d. Other equity items

1) Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Balance at January 1	\$ (1,641)	\$ (1,461)		
Recognized for the year				
Exchange differences on translation of the financial				
statements of foreign operations	445	(180)		
Foreign exchange gains and losses	104			
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (1,092</u>)	<u>\$ (1,641)</u>		

2) Unrealized valuation gain on financial assets at FVTOCI

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Balance at January 1	\$ (1,245)	\$ (476)		
Recognized for the year Unrealized gain - equity instruments	(2,797)	(769)		
Foreign exchange gains and losses	79			
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (3,963)</u>	<u>\$ (1,245)</u>		

e. Noncontrolling interests

	For the Year Ended December 31			
Balance at January Share in loss for the year Foreign exchange gains and losses	2024	2023		
	\$ 3,455 (458) (220)	\$ 3,958 (503)		
Balance at December 31	\$ 2,777	<u>\$ 3,455</u>		

25. REVENUE

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Revenue from contracts with customers				
Revenue from sale of goods				
Transformers	\$ 444,412	\$ 308,162		
Distribution panels	50,066	49,918		
Distribution panels and equipment	17,522	12,402		
Sale of power	435	701		
Others	61,336	40,256		
	573,771	411,439		
Construction contracts	42,355	41,175		
	\$ 616,126	\$ 452,614		

a. Explanation of contract with customers

1) Revenue from the sale of goods

The Group recognizes revenue when the equipment is inspected and delivered to the designated place by the Mechanical and electrical department. The contract is recognized as contract asset when the commodity is transferred, and if it has unconditional right to receive consideration amount, it is recognized as accounts receivable. Advance payments for products are recognized as contract liabilities before the products meet the specified conditions.

2) Construction contract revenue

The Group measures the percentage of completion by the progress of the constructions. The Group recognizes contract assets during the construction process, and transferred to accounts receivables when issuing bills. If the payment received exceeds the revenue recognized, the differences shall be recognized as contract liabilities. The payment for the construction retained by the customer base on the terms of the contract is to ensure the Group would complete all the contractual obligations, which shall be recognized as contract assets before the Group completes the performance of the contract.

b. Contract balances

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	January 1, 2023
Notes receivable	<u>\$ 6,791</u>	\$ 3,125	\$ 3,114
Trade receivables (Note 10) Sale of goods	\$ 109,503	<u>\$ 77,306</u>	\$ 67,230
Contract assets Sale of goods Engineering construction	\$ 80,440 16,506	\$ 52,842 13,498	\$ 41,209 6,260
	<u>\$ 96,946</u>	\$ 66.340	\$ 47,469 (Continued)

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	January 1, 2023
Contract liabilities Sale of goods Engineering construction	\$ 147,616 4,921	\$ 87,376 5,608	\$ 50,660 532
	<u>\$ 152,537</u>	\$ 92,984	\$ 51,192 (Concluded)

The Group applies the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. Refer to Note 10 for the details.

The amounts from contractual liabilities at the beginning of the year and the performance obligations fulfilled in the previous period are recognized as income in the current year as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
From contract liabilities at the beginning of the year			
Sale of goods	\$ 38,518	\$ 25,103	
Engineering construction	3,842	4,102	
	<u>\$ 42,360</u>	<u>\$ 29,205</u>	

c. Disaggregation of revenue

Refer to Note 37 for information about the disaggregation of revenue.

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2024	2023		
Timing of revenue recognition Revenue recognized at a point in time	\$ 573,771	\$ 411,439		
Revenue recognized over time	42,355	41,175		
	<u>\$ 616,126</u>	<u>\$ 452,614</u>		

26. NET PROFIT

a. Interest income

	For the Year Ended December 31				
	2024	2023			
Bank deposits Repurchase agreement Others	\$ 1,385 709 	\$ 871 3			
	\$ 2,119	\$ 874			

b. Other income

	For the Year Ended December 31			
Export tax rebate income Operating lease rental income Government subsidies Others	2024	2023		
	\$ 2,693 2,582 475 92	\$ 1,433 3,323 481 		
	<u>\$ 5,842</u>	\$ 7,053		

c. Other gains and losses

	e Year End 024	2023		L
Gain (Loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment Fair value changes of financial assets and financial liabilities	\$ 848	\$	(14)	
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL Others	(54)	-	34 (73)	
	\$ 794	<u>\$</u>	(53)	

d. Finance costs

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Interest on bank overdrafts and loans Interest on lease liabilities Other finance costs	\$ 1,017 113 24	\$ 1,518 79 8	
	\$ 1,154	\$ 1,605	

e. Depreciation, amortization and employee benefits expense

		2024			2023	
	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	Total	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	Total
Employee benefit expenses						
Salary	\$ 35,951	\$ 32,857	\$ 68,808	\$ 28,149	\$ 22,174	\$ 50,323
Labor insurance	2,328	1,177	3,505	1,815	941	2,756
Retirement expenses						
Defined contribution plans	804	474	1,278	684	408	1,092
Defined benefit plans	47	20	67	71	31	102
Remuneration of directors	-	2,846	2,846	-	2,034	2,034
Others	1,529	510	2,039	1,164	439	1,603
	<u>\$ 40,659</u>	\$ 37,884	\$ 78,543	\$ 31,883	<u>\$ 26,027</u>	<u>\$ 57,910</u>
Depreciation expense	\$ 5,052	\$ 969	\$ 6,021	\$ 3,942	<u>\$ 775</u>	\$ 4,717
Amortization expense	<u>\$ 273</u>	<u>\$659</u>	<u>\$ 932</u>	<u>\$ 313</u>	<u>\$ 585</u>	<u>\$ 898</u>

f. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at rates of no less than 3% and no higher than 2%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and the remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 which have been approved by the Company's board of directors on March 10, 2024 and March 8, 2023, respectively, were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2024	2023
Compensation of employees	5.00%	5.00%
Remuneration of directors	1.40%	1.50%
Amount		
	For the Year En	ided December 31
	2024	2023
	Cash	Cash
Compensation of employees	\$ 8,636	\$ 5,375
Remuneration of directors	2,418	1,613

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There was no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors and supervisors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

g. Gain or loss on foreign currency exchange

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Foreign exchange gain Foreign exchange loss	\$ 6,326 (1,051)	\$ 3,175 (2,306)	
Net gain	\$ 5,275	<u>\$ 869</u>	

27. INCOME TAXES

a. Major components of income tax expense were as follows:

Components of tax expense Income tax were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Current tax	ф. 22.064	¢ 17.150	
In respect of the current period	\$ 32,864	\$ 17,150	
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	688	169	
Adjustments for prior periods	2,960	104	
•	36,512	17,423	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current year	(881)	(492)	
Adjustments for prior periods	•	(314)	
12g downer to a prior persons	(881)	(806)	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 35,631</u>	<u>\$ 16,617</u>	

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Profit before tax from continuing operations	\$ 165,884	<u>\$ 100,037</u>	
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate Nondeductible expenses in determining taxable income Tax-exempt income Income tax on unappropriated earnings Unrecognized deductible temporary differences Using investment credits Adjustments to prior years' tax	\$ 37,821 1 (3,985) 688 (1,270) (584) 2,960	\$ 23,223 (3,197) 169 (3,411) (271) 104	
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 35,631</u>	<u>\$ 16,617</u>	

Tax rates used by other entities in the Group operating in other jurisdictions are based on the tax laws in those jurisdictions.

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Deferred tax			
In respect of the current period Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	<u>\$ (104)</u>	\$ 10 <u>6</u>	
Total income tax recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ (104)</u>	\$ 106	

c. Current tax assets and liabilities

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Current tax assets			
Tax refund receivable	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 726</u>	
Current tax liabilities			
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 23,545</u>	<u>\$ 16,795</u>	

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2024

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	Foreign Exchange Gains and Losses	Closing Balance
Deferred tax assets					
Property, plant and equipment Defined benefit plans Inventory write-downs Deferred revenue Unrealized exchange loss Others	\$ - 34 88 643 161 67 \$ 993	\$ 929 (31) (18) 750 (151) (20) \$ 1,459	\$ - - - - - - - - -	\$ - (3) (5) (40) (10) (5) \$(63)	\$ 929 - 65 1,353 - 42 \$ 2,389
Deferred tax liabilities					
Land value increment tax Defined benefit obligations Unrealized exchange loss Share of profit of subsidiaries	\$ 1,323 - - - 1,436	\$ - 208 155 	\$ - 104 -	\$ (84) - - (91)	\$ 1,239 312 155
	<u>\$ 2,759</u>	<u>\$577</u>	<u>\$ 104</u>	<u>\$ (175</u>)	<u>\$ 3,265</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income	Closing Balance
Deferred tax assets				
Defined benefit plans Inventory write-downs Deferred revenue Unrealized exchange loss Others	\$ 278 284 643 15 22 \$ 1,242	\$ (350) (196) - 146 	\$ 106 - - - - - \$ 106	\$ 34 88 643 161
Deferred tax liabilities				
Land value increment tax Share of profit of subsidiaries	\$ 1,323 2,597	\$ - (1,161)	\$ - -	\$ 1,323 1,436
	<u>\$ 3,920</u>	<u>\$ (1,161)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,759</u>

e. Income tax assessments

The Company, Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd. Fortune Electric Value Company Limited, and Fortune Energy Co., Ltd.'s tax returns through 2022 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

Fortune Electric Australia Pty Ltd., Fortune Electric America Inc., Fortune Electric (Wuhan) Ltd. and Wuhan Fortune Electric Co., Ltd have completed the 2023 tax returns within the deadline stipulated by the local tax authorities.

Power Energy International Ltd. was established in Samoa, therefore no relevant income tax.

28. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)	<u>\$ 14.93</u>	<u>\$ 8.97</u>	
Diluted earnings per share (NT\$)	<u>\$ 14.90</u>	<u>\$ 8.96</u>	

The weighted average number of shares outstanding used for the earnings per share computation was adjusted retroactively for the issuance of bonus shares on August 2, 2024. The basic and diluted earnings per share adjusted retrospectively for the year ended December 31, 2023 were as follows:

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	Before Retrospective Adjustment	After Retrospective Adjustment
Basic earnings per share (NT\$)	<u>\$_9.87</u>	<u>\$ 8.97</u>
Diluted earnings per share (NT\$)	<u>\$ 9.85</u>	<u>\$ 8.96</u>

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share from continuing operations were as follows:

Net Profit for the Year

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company	<u>\$ 130,711</u>	\$ 83,923	

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share (in thousands of shares) were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of basic earnings per share	287,164	261,059	
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:			
Compensation of employees	559	636	
Weighted eveness number of audinous shores used in the			
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the	1550		
computation of diluted earnings per share	287,723	_261,695	

The Group may settle compensation paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Group assumes that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares are included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

29. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The government grants obtained by the Group from the contract for the entrusted operation and management of automobile charging piles in public off-street parking lots are mainly used to subsidize the construction costs of real estate, plant and equipment. In 2024, the Group received a government subsidy of \$1,773 thousand. The amount has been classified as deferred income, and the relevant asset will be recognized after the conditions are met, and the deferred income will be deducted from the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and the profit or loss will be transferred over the useful life of the asset by reducing depreciation expense.

30. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management strategy is to maintain adequate capital to be able to operate according to the industrial scale and support the industry's future growth and development prospects of the Group's business; to set the appropriate market share; and make a plan of the required capacity and the requirement of the plant and equipment to achieve production and the corresponding capital expenditure. The Group calculates the required working capital and cash for the long-term development of the required asset size of the Group, and makes overall planning according to the industry characteristics.

The Group's management regularly reviews the capital structure, and considers the costs and risks of different capital structure. In general, the Group adopted a prudent risk management strategy.

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management of the Group considers that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 approximate their fair values.

b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2024

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Privately offered fund	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 465	\$ 465
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI Unlisted shares	<u>\$</u>	<u>s</u>	\$ 7,451	<u>\$ 7,451</u>
December 31, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI				2
Unlisted shares	<u>s -</u>	\$	\$ 9,403	\$ 9,403

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 in the current and prior period.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

December 31, 2024

	Financial Assets at FVTPL	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	
Financial Assets	Other Financial Instruments	Equity Instruments	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024 Recognized in profit or loss Purchases Foreign exchange gains and losses Year-end balance	\$ - - 465 \$ 465	\$ 9,403 (2,797) 1,441 (596) \$ 7,451	\$ 9,403 (2,797) 1,906 (596) \$ 7,916
December 31, 2023	3 100	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Financial Assets	Financial Assets at FVTPL Other Financial Instruments	Financial Assets at FVTOCI Equity Instruments	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023 Recognized in profit or loss	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 10,172 (769)	\$ 10,172 (769)
Year-end balance	<u>s</u> -	<u>\$ 9,403</u>	\$ 9,403
0			

c. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Financial assets			
FVTPL			
Financial assets at amortized cost (1)	\$ 210,557	\$ 150,638	
FVTPL			
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	465	-	
Financial assets at FVTOCI			
Equity instruments	7,451	9,403	
Financial liabilities			
Measured at fair value through profit or loss Amortized cost (2)	197,585	163,359	

¹⁾ The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, trade receivables, other receivables, prepaid investments, refundable deposits and other financial assets.

2) The balances include short-term and long-term loans, short-term bills payable, trade payables to related parties, trade and other payables, and guarantee deposits received. The balance include the liabilities balance of the disposal group held for sales.

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments included cash, equity investments, trade receivables, trade payables, lease liabilities and borrowings. The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below).

There had been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks were managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group manages exchange rate risk by using appropriate hedging tools. The Group does not trade financial instruments for speculative purposes. Foreign currency risk management strategy is to regularly review the net position of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies and manage accordingly. The choice of the tools to manage exchange rate risk takes into consideration the costs and duration of the hedge, exchange contract is used to manage risks.

The carrying amounts of the Group's nonfunctional-currency-denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 35.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group was mainly exposed to the USD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 1% increase and decrease in the New Taiwan dollar (the functional currency) against the USD. The sensitivity rate of 1% is used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and foreign currency forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 1% change in foreign currency rates. A positive (negative) number below indicates an increase (decrease) in pre-tax profit and other equity assuming the New Taiwan dollar weakened (strengthened) 1% against the USD.

	USI	Impact
	For the Year E	Inded December 31
	2024	2023
Profit or loss (Note)	\$ 639	\$ 320

Note: This was mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on bank balances, receivables, payables and borrowings in USD, which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis was unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period did not reflect the exposure during the period.

b) Interest rate risk

The Group was exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Fair value interest rate risk			
Financial assets	\$ 60,005	\$ 1,692	
Financial liabilities	17,593	11,817	
Cash flow interest rate risk			
Financial assets	17,134	39,235	
Financial liabilities	-	8,792	

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate assets and liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the assets and liabilities outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 100 basis point increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$171 thousand and \$304 thousand, respectively, which was mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its variable-rate bank cash and borrowings.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk through its investments in equity securities. The Group does not actively trade these investments, but assigned relevant personnel to monitor price risks and evaluate when to increase the hedging positions.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If the price of other financial instruments rises or falls by 1%, the pre-tax profit or loss for 2024 will increase or decrease by \$5 due to changes in the fair value of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss. If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$75 thousand and \$94 thousand, respectively, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVOCI.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. At the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure of counterparties to discharge an obligation and financial guarantees provided by the Group could arise from the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the balance sheets.

In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes that the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

Trade receivables consisted of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of trade receivables.

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivatives was limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by credit-rating agencies.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group had available unutilized overdraft and bank loan facilities of approximately \$380,880 thousand and \$370,329 thousand, respectively.

a) Liquidity and interest rate risk tables for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturities for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables had been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed repayment dates.

To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount was derived from the interest rate curve at the end of the reporting period.

December 31, 2024

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	On Demand or Less Than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities	2.22	\$ 34,652 156 	\$ 121,847 496 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 3,636 2,204 	\$ - 7,998 	\$ - 7,283
Additional informat	ion about the	maturity ana	lysis for leas	e liabilities		
	Less than 1 Year	1-5 Years	5-10 Years	10-15 Years	15-20 Years	20+ Years
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 2,856</u>	<u>\$ 7,998</u>	<u>\$ 4,042</u>	<u>\$ 835</u>	<u>\$ 558</u>	<u>\$ 1,848</u>
December 31, 2023						
	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	On Demand or Less Than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years	Over 5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities	Average Effective Interest Rate	or Less Than	1-3 Months		1-5 Years	Over 5 Years
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities	Average Effective Interest Rate	or Less Than	1-3 Months \$ 98,622 142		1-5 Years \$ - 1,274	Over 5 Years \$ - 3,506
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing liabilities	Average Effective Interest Rate	or Less Than 1 Month \$ 21,471	\$ 98,622	1 Year \$ 2,013	\$ -	\$ -
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities	Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	\$ 21,471 71 5,540 7,164	\$ 98,622 142 -	1 Year \$ 2,013 576	\$ - 1,274 3,323	\$ - 3,506 - ———————————————————————————————————
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities	Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	\$ 21,471 71 5,540 7,164 \$ 34,246	\$ 98,622 142 - - \$ 98,764	\$ 2,013 576 - \$ 2,589	\$ - 1,274 3,323	\$ - 3,506
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate	Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	\$ 21,471 71 5,540 7,164 \$ 34,246	\$ 98,622 142 - - \$ 98,764	\$ 2,013 576 - \$ 2,589	\$ - 1,274 3,323	\$ - 3,506 - ———————————————————————————————————
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing liabilities Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities	Average Effective Interest Rate (%)	\$ 21,471 71 5,540 7,164 \$ 34,246	\$ 98,622 142 - - \$ 98,764	\$ 2,013 576 - \$ 2,589	\$ - 1,274 3,323	\$ - 3,506 - ———————————————————————————————————

Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the "on demand or less than 1 month" time band in the above maturity analysis. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts of these bank loans amounted to \$0 thousand and \$12,691 thousand, respectively.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities were subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

32. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. The Company is the ultimate parent of the Group. In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in other notes, summary of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

a. Related party name and the relationship

	Related Pa	rty Name	Relationship With	the Group
	E-Total Link SQTek Co., Ltd.		ssociates	
	Hsin He Energy Co., Ltd.	О	thers	
	Hua Cheng Investment Co.	, Ltd. O	thers	
	Synergy Co., Ltd.		thers	
b.	Sale of goods			
			For the Year End	ded December 31
	Related Party Category/N	ame	2024	2023
	Associates		<u>\$ 13</u>	\$ 2
	The sales prices and payme	nt terms are the same as those of u	nrelated parties.	
c.	Purchase of goods			
			For the Year End	ded December 31
	Related Party Category/N	lame	2024	2023
	Associates		\$ 87	<u>\$ 42</u>
	The purchase price and pay	ment terms are the same as those	of unrelated parties.	
d.	Payables to related parties			
			Decem	ber 31
	Line Items	Related Party Category/Na	me 2024	2023
	Accounts payable	Associates	\$ 1	<u>\$ 20</u>

The outstanding trade payables from related parties are unsecured.

e. Prepayments

		December 31		
Line Item	Line Item Related Party Category/Name		2023	
Prepayments for purchases Prepayments for equipment	Associates Others	\$ 36 \$ 37	\$ - \$ -	

f. Lease arrangements - Group is lessor

		Deceml	per 31
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2024	2023
Lease liabilities - current	Associates	\$	\$ 6
Related Party Category/Nam	ıe	For the Year End 2024	ed December 31 2023
Finance cost			
Other related party		<u> </u>	\$
Operating expense			
Other related party		\$ 5	\$ 5

The lease agreement with the related party is based on the negotiated rent with reference to market conditions and is charged in accordance with the general conditions.

g. Lease arrangements - Group is lessor

Lease arrangements - Group is lessor under operating leases

The Group leases out office to its associate - Hua Cheng Investment Co., Ltd. under operating leases with lease terms of 1 year. The rent is determined by referring to the market price, and the Company receive the fixed lease payment monthly according to the lease agreement. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the balance of operating lease receivables was both \$2 thousand. Lease income recognized for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was both \$2 thousand.

The lease agreement with the related party is based on the negotiated rent with reference to market conditions and is charged in accordance with the general conditions.

h. Acquisition of financial assets

For the year ended December 31, 2024

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	Number of Shares	Underlying Assets	Purchase Price
Financial assets at fair value though other comprehensive income	Other related party - Hsin He Energy Co., Ltd.	4,725	Share capital	<u>\$ 1,441</u>
Prepaid investment	Other related party - Synergy Co., Ltd.	19,859	Share capital	<u>\$ 6,056</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2023

None.

i. Purchase of intangible assets

		Purchas	se Price
		Decem	ber 31
Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	2024	2023
Software equipment	Associates	\$ 87	<u>\$ 12</u>

j. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

The amount of endorsements provided by the Company for related parties and endorsement deeds with banks as approved by the Board of Directors as of the following balance sheet dates are as follows:

For the Year Ended December 31

		Tor the rear End	cu December 51
]	Related Party Category/Name	2024	2023
(Others Hsin He Energy Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 7,708</u>	\$ 8,230
k. (Other transactions with related parties		
]	Related Party Category/Name	For the Year Endo 2024	ed December 31 2023
1	Associates	\$	\$ 5
1. (Compensation of key management personnel		
		For the Year End	ed December 31
		2024	2023
	Short-term employee benefits Termination benefits	\$ 6,727 115	\$ 5,078 80
		<u>\$ 6,842</u>	\$ 5,158

The remuneration of directors and key executives, as determined by the remuneration committee, was based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

33. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for bid bonds of sales, performance bonds and bank borrowings:

	December 31		
	2024	2023	
Refundable deposits (current portion is included in other current			
assets)	\$ 2,632	\$ 1,684	
Pledged deposits (classified as financial assets at amortized cost)	1,872	1,161	
Deposits and retention money (classified as financial assets at			
amortized cost)	90	30	
Property, plant and equipment	31,149	31,844	
	\$ 35,743	\$ 34,719	

34. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant commitments and contingencies of the Group as of December 31, 2023 were as follows:

- a. As of December 31, 2024, unused letters of credit for purchases of raw materials and machinery and equipment amounted to US\$5,322 thousand, €2,264 thousand.
- b. As of December 31, 2024, promissory note of \$58,401 thousand was made for bank financing, endorsements and the investee company's sales performance guarantee.

35. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The following information was aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the entities in the Group and the exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were disclosed. The significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

December 31, 2024

	oreign ırrency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (NTD)
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD	\$ 84,140	32.79 (USD:NTD)	\$ 2,758,530
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD	20,267	32.79 (USD:NTD)	\$ 664,454

December 31, 2023

	Foreign urrency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (NTD)
Financial assets			
Monetary items USD	\$ 42,931	30.71 (USD:NTD)	<u>\$ 1,318,196</u>
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items USD	10,902	30.705 (USD:NTD)	\$ 334,746

The Group is mainly exposed to the USD. The following information was aggregated by the functional currencies of the entities in the Group, and the exchange rates between respective functional currencies and the presentation currency were disclosed. The significant (realized and unrealized) foreign exchange gains were as follows:

		For the Year End	ed December 31	
	2024		2023	
Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain
NTD RMB	1 (NTD:NTD) 4.454 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 5,275 	1 (NTD:NTD) 4.396 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 894 (25)
		\$ 5,275		\$ 869

36. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information about significant transactions and investees:
 - 1) Financing provided to others. (None)
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided. (Table 1)
 - 3) Marketable securities held at the end of the year (excluding investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures). (Table 2)
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired or disposed at costs or prices at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (None)
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (Table 3)
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (None)
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (Table 4)

- 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital. (Table 5)
- 9) Trading in derivative instruments. (None)
- 10) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions. (Table 8)
- 11) Information on investees. (Table 6)
- b. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the year, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area. (Table 7)
 - 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: (Tables 1, 6-8)
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year.
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year.
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses.
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the year and the purposes.
 - e) The highest balance, the end of year balance, the interest rate range, and total current year interest with respect to financing of funds.
 - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services.
- c. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 9)

37. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods and services delivered or provided. The Group has disclosed its electrical department and turnkey department as its reporting segments. The electrical department manufactures, processes and trades transformers, distributors, low pressure switches and substation equipment; and the turnkey department mainly engages in engineering contracts.

a. Segment revenues and results

The following was an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment.

	_	venue for the December 31	Segment Profit for the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Electrical department Construction department Segment revenues Other income Interest income	\$ 573,771 42,355 \$ 616,126	\$ 411,439 41,175 \$ 452,614	\$ 165,253 6,124 171,377 9,702 2,119	\$ 105,115 3,483 108,598 7,053 874	
Share of the loss of associate Other gains and losses Finance costs General and administrative expense			(1) 6,070 (1,154) (22,229)	(25) 817 (1,605) (15,675)	
Profit before tax			\$ 165,884	<u>\$ 100,037</u>	

Segment revenues reported above represent revenues generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

Segment profit represented the profit before tax earned by each segment without allocation of government grant, other income, interest income, gain from bargain purchase, share of the loss of associates, other gains and losses, finance costs, general and administrative expense and income tax expense. This was the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

b. Segment total assets and liabilities

The Group's measure of assets and liabilities was not provided to the chief operating decision maker. Therefore, no assets and liabilities were presented under operating segments.

c. Other segment information

	Depreciation an	Depreciation and Amortization		
	2024	2023		
Electrical department	<u>\$ 6,953</u>	<u>\$ 5,615</u>		

d. Revenue from major products and services

For the analysis of the Group's revenue from continuing operations from its major products and services, refer to Note 25.

e. Information about major customers

Included in the total revenues of electrical and turnkey departments of \$616,126 thousand and \$452,614 thousand in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Single customer contributed 10% or more the Group's revenue as follows:

	For the Year E	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2024	2023		
Customer A	\$ 118,962	\$ 111,952		
Customer B	117,132	72,604		

Note: The revenue of the customer had not reached 10% or more to the Group's revenue.

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

ina			
Endorsemen Guarantee Gi on Behalf o Companies Mainland Ch	Z	>	z
Endorsement/ Guarantee Given Guarantee Given By Parent on by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Companies in Subsidiaries Subsidiaries Endorsement/ Guarantee Given By Subsidiaries On Behalf of Companies in Subsidiaries	z	z	z
Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries	¥	¥	Z
Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit (Note 2)	\$ 158,880	158,880	158,880
Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	16.70	ih.	2.91
Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	. ↔	*0	•
Actual Amount Borrowed	\$ 1,430	80	7,708
Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	\$ 44,221	•	7,708
Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period	\$ 66,301	1,001	7,708
Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party (Note 1)	\$ 132,400	132,400	132,400
tionship	Subsidiary	Sub-subsidiary	Co-investment
Endorsee/Guarantee Name Rela	Fortune Electric Extra Subsidiary	Wuhan Fortune Electric Sub-subsidiary	Hsin He Energy Co., Ltd. Co-investment
Endorser/Guarantor	Fortune Electric Co., Ltd.		
N. O.	0		

Note 1: The limit on the total maximum endorsement for each guaranteed party is equal to 50% of the Company's net equity: \$264,800 x 50% = \$132,400.

Note 2: The maximum limit is equal to 60% of the Company's net equity: $$264,800 \times 60\% = $158,880$.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD
DECEMBER 31, 2024
(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Fair Value	Wes	6 551	384	516 Note 2	465
, 2024	Percentage of Ownership Fair (%)	3.46	0.06	4.49	14.71	ı
December 31, 2024	Carrying Po		1559	384	516	465
	Shares (In Thousands)	727	30 000	1,200	1,471	•
	Financial Statement Account	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss
Deletionshin mith	the Holding Company	,	- Others	Others	Others	ı
	Holding Company Name Type and Name of Marketable Securities	<u>Shares</u> Raynergy Tek Incorporation		E-Formula Technologies Inc.	Synergy Co., Ltd.	Private fund Blue magpie growth fund limited partnership
	Holding Company Name	Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. Shares Rayner				

Note 1: The information of investments in subsidiaries and associates is provided in Tables 6 and 7.

The company invested NT\$198,585 thousand in Synergy Co., Ltd on December 20, 2024. As of December 31, 2024, the cash capital increase procedure had not been completed, so the investment was recorded as a prepaid investment. The aforementioned prepaid investment was completed with the cash capital increase procedure on February 25, 2025. Note 2:

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL EATATE AT COSTS OF LEAST NTS300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

F 20-14-0	Omer rerms	,
Purpose of	Acquisition	For production
Pricing	Reference	NA
sfer	Amount	· 69
ious Title Trans A Related Part	Transaction Date	I
Information on Previous Title Transfer If Counterparty Is A Related Party	Relationship	·
Info If	Property Owner	ı
nidonoji tele	Verations in p	None
	Commerpant	ITIA Construction Engineer Co., Ltd.
Payment	Status	г 69
Transaction	Amount	\$ 22,383
4	Event Date	2024/11/8
Property		Fortune Electric Co., Guanyin Plant No. 3 Ltd.
ŕ	buyer	Fortune Electric Co., Ltd.

Note: On September 30, 2024, the board of directors approved the budget for the construction of the Guanyin Plant No. 3. According to the real estate construction contract, payments will be made according to the progress of the project.

FORTUNE ELECTRIC CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

r Sy		777	7	Transaction Details	Details		Abnormal?	Abnormal Transaction	Notes/Accounts Receivable (Payable)	Receivable	2
Buyer/Seller	Kelated Farty	Kelationship	Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms		Unit Price Payment Terms Ending Balance	Ending Balance	% to Total	Note
Fortune Electric Co., Ltd.	Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Subsidiaries	Subsidiaries	Purchases	\$ 67,541	20.27	90 days	,	•	\$ (16,828)	(12.98)	
	Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Purchases	3,644	1.09	90 days	ı	ı	(992)	(0.59)	
Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	Fortune Electric America Inc.	The same parent company Sales	Sales	(22,888)	(3.71)	(3.71) 90 days	1	ı	7,532	30.76	

Note: The above purchase of goods and revenue as those of related parties have been eliminated upon consolidation in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

						Overdue	Amount	
Сомрапу Nаме	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Impairment Loss
Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. Fortune Electric America Inc.	Subsidiaries The same parent company	\$ 16,828 7,532	4.09	<i>⇔</i>		\$ 16,828 2,697	· · ·

Note: The above receivables from related parties amounting have been eliminated upon consolidation in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

	Note	Investee is a subsidiary	Investee is a subsidiary	Investee is a subsidiary (Note 2)	Associate	Investee is a subsidiary (Note 3)	Investee is a subsidiary	Investee is a subsidiary	Investee is a sub-subsidiary	Associate (Note 5)
Share of	Profits (Loss) (Note 1)	\$ 378	674	20,752	vo.	(3)	11	(1,282)	386	(9)
Not Income (I com	of the Investee	\$ 378	674	20,752	21	(3)	11	(1,282)	386	(75)
	Carrying Value	\$ 5,470	2,869	58,056	89	873	364	4,992	1,948	Ē.
As of December 31, 2024	%	100.00	100.00	100.00	25.00	100.00	100.00	64.25	100.00	20.00
As of D	Shares (Thousand)	100	_	110,000	100	2,900	200	18,200	KI.	100
ment Amount	December 31, 2023	\$ 1,418	96	18,391	45	33	331	5,926	1000	33
Original Investment Amount	December 31, 2024	\$ 1,418	96	18,391	45	884	331	5,926	1000	33
	Main Businesses and Products	Trading, investment holding, agent business	Business agents	No. 500, Nanheng 1st Rd, Wuqi District, Transformers manufacturing, machining and trading Taichung City 435, Taiwan	Transformers manufacturing, machining and trading	10F. No. 368, Sec. 1, Fusing S. Rd., Da'an Manufacture of power generation transmission, District., Taioei City 106, Taiwan distribution machinery and renewable energy sales	Trading	Electric vehicle charging operation services, planning and construction of various charging stations, research and development and sales of electric vehicle charging related equipment/systems/rechnology	Import and export business of various commodities and technologies	Information software services
	Location	Unit 25, 2nd Floor, Nia Mall, Saleufi Street, Apia, Samoa	. Suite 200	No. 500, Nanheng 1st Rd, Wuqi District, Taichung City 435, Taiwan	Shin Osaka SONE Building No. 1204, Nish-Nakajima 7-chome No. 29, Yodogawa-Ku, Osaka Prefecture	10F, No. 368, Sec. 1, Fusing S. Rd., Da'an P. District., Taipei City 106, Taiwan	Level 7, 60, York Street, Sydney NSW 2000. Australia	ing N. Rd., Songshan City	Wuhan, China	2F., No. 423-5, Zhengguang Rd., Taoyuan Information software services Dist., Taoyuan City
	Investee Company	Power Energy International Ltd.	Fortune Electric America Inc.	Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	E-Total Link	Fortune Energy Co., Ltd.	Fortune Electric Australia Pty, Ltd.	Fortune Electric Value Company Limited	Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	
	Investor Company	Fortune Electric Co., Ltd.		-			-		Power Energy International Ltd. Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	Fortune Electric Value Company SQTek Co., Ltd.

Note 1: Calculated based on the audited financial statements of the investee company and the Corporation's shareholding ratio.

On June 5, 2024, Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd. transferred the capital surplus of NT\$300,000 thousand to share capital by the director acting on behalf of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Note 2:

On June 15, 2024, Fortune Energy Co., Ltd. apply for follow-on offering NTS280,000 thousand to share capital by the director acting on behalf of the shareholders at the shareholders' meeting. Note 3:

The related parties shown in the table, excluding E-Total Link and SQTek Co., Ltd. have been eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Note 4:

Note 5: As of December 31, 2024, SQTek Co., Ltd. is awaiting loss recovery. Fortune Electric Value Company Limited has already recognized the loss up to the original investment and has not recognized any further investment losses.

For information related to the invested companies in Mainland China, please refer to Table 7. Note 6:

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

F	<u></u>	
_	Note	
	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2024	£.
	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2024	\$ 1,948
	Investment Gain (Loss)	\$ 386
	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	100
	Net Income (Loss) Birect or of the Investee Investment	\$ 386
Accumulated	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2024 (Note 3)	\$ 1,000
Remittance of Funds	Inward	· ·
Remittanc	Outward	· •
Accumulated	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024 (Note 3)	s 1,000
	Method of Investment	Indirect
	Paid-in Capital Method of (Note 3) Investment	\$ 1,000
	Main Businesses and Products	Import and export business of various commodities and technologies
	Investee Company	Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.

lount of Investment EA	
Upper Limit on the Amount of Investments Stipulated by Investmen Commission, MOEA	\$158,800
Investment Amount Authorized by the Investment Commission, MOEA	\$1,000
Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investments in Mainland China as of Becember 31, 2024	\$940

Note 1: The financial statements have been audited.

Note 2: The investment income/loss was recognized based on the average exchange rate from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024; the other accounts were all based on prevailing exchange rate as of December 31, 2024.

Note 3: The profit or loss attributable to the related parties mentioned above has been eliminated upon consolidation in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024 (In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

_			77.77		Transaction Details	n Details	
Š	Investee Company	Counterparty	(Note 1)	Financial Statement Account	Amount	Transaction Terms	% to Total Sales or Assets
0	Fortune Electric Co., Ltd.	Fortune Electric America Inc.	ø	Sales	696 \$	With non-related parties	0.16
		Fortune Electric America Inc.	æ	Marketing and promotion fee	6,084	Under arm's length terms	0.99
		Fortune Electric America Inc.	æ	Accounts payable	2,737	With non-related parties	0.41
		Fortune Electric America Inc.	æ	Contractual liabilities	21,261	With non-related parties	3.18
		Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	ez	Accounts receivable	48	With non-related parties	0.01
		Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	В	Purchases	67,541	With non-related parties	10.96
		Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	В	Prepaid internal purchase payment	17,115	With non-related parties	2.56
		Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	g	Accounts payable	16,828	With non-related parties	2.52
		Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	В	Sales	105	With non-related parties	0.02
		Fortune Electric Australia Pty, Ltd.	æ	Accounts receivable	534	With non-related parties	80.0
		Fortune Electric Australia Pty, Ltd.	а	Sale	069	With non-related parties	0.11
		Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	В	Accounts payable	992	With non-related parties	0.11
		Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	æ	Purchases	3,644	With non-related parties	0.59
		Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	ez	Prepaid equipment payment	632	With non-related parties	0.09
		Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	В	Property, plant and equipment	310	With non-related parties	0.05
		Fortune Electric Value Company Limited	g	Purchases	64	With non-related parties	0.01
		Fortune Electric Value Company Limited	В	Sales	488	With non-related parties	0.08
		Fortune Electric Value Company Limited	g	Accounts receivable	252	With non-related parties	0.04
		Fortune Electric Value Company Limited	g	Accounts payable	49	With non-related parties	0.01
		Power Energy International Ltd.	В	Temporary credit	928	With non-related parties	0.14
_	Fortune Electric Extra High Voltage Co., Ltd.	Fortune Electric America Inc.	၁	Accounts receivable	7,532	With non-related parties	1.13
		Fortune Electric America Inc.	၁	Sales	22,888	With non-related parties	3.71
		Fortune Electric America Inc.	၁	Contractual liabilities	4,682	With non-related parties	0.70
		Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	ပ	Purchases	9/	With non-related parties	0.01
		Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	O	Accounts payable	06	With non-related parties	0.01
2	Fortune Electric Value Company Limited	Wuhan Fortune Co Ltd.	ပ	Purchases	1.905	With non-related parties	0.31
		Wuhan Fortune Co., Ltd.	o	Accounts payable	358	With non-related parties	0.05

Note 1: The Company and its subsidiaries are coded as follows:

a. The Company is coded "0".b. The subsidiaries are coded consecutively beginning from "1" int the order presented in the table above.

Note 2: The types of relationship between the transaction parties are as follows:

a. The Company to the subsidiary.c. The subsidiary to another subsidiary.

Note 3: The listed amounts above were eliminated upon consolidation.

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Sh	ares
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)
Hua Cheng Investment Co., Ltd. Hsu, Shou-Hsiung Hsu, Bang-Fu	26,489,029 24,863,760 18,601.823	9.22 8.65 6.47

- Note 1: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares and preference shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration (including treasury shares) by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter. The share capital in the consolidated financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares that have been issued without physical registration because of different preparation basis.
- Note 2: If a shareholder delivers the shareholdings to the trust, the above information will be disclosed by the individual truster who opened the trust account. For shareholders who declare insider shareholdings with ownership greater than 10% in accordance with the Security and Exchange Act, the shareholdings include shares held by shareholders and those delivered to the trust over which shareholders have rights to determine the use of trust property. For information relating to insider shareholding declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System.